

Lecture 1: Introduction

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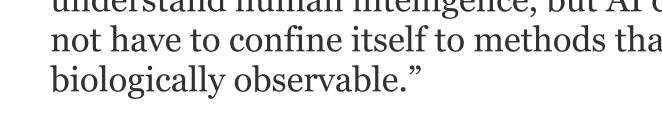


What is artificial intelligence?

1956 Dartmouth meeting: "Artificial Intelligence"

John McCarthy:

"It is the science and engineering of making intelligent machines, especially intelligent computer programs. It is related to the similar task of using computers to understand human intelligence, but AI does not have to confine itself to methods that are



Marvin Minsky:

"to make computers be capable of doing things that when done by a human, would be thought to require intelligence"



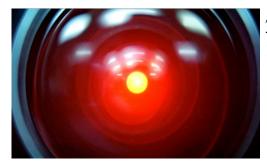
1927-2011



1927-2016

we will discuss the concept and the history of AI in the last class

What we call AI in movies



2001: A Space Odyssey 1968



The Matrix 1999



A.I. Artificial Intelligence 2001



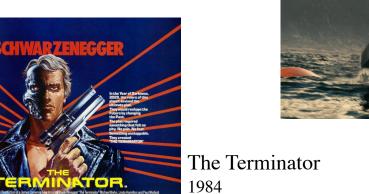
Wall-E 2008



I, Robot 2004



Interstellar 2014



What AI we do have



e recommendation	s are based on items you own and more.	
All New Releases	I Coming Seen	
CHOICE COLUMN	Cybertext: Perspectives on Ergodic L by Espen J. Aarseth (Aug 6, 1997) Average Customer Review: ************************************	
	List Price: \$22.95 Price: \$19.55 29 used 8 new from \$10.82	Add to cart Add
	erested interference Rate it your Shopping accord Hamlet on the Holodeck to your Shopping.	Cart and more (<u>Fix this</u>)
WHICH BOOK	Narrative as Virtual Reality: Immersi Media (Parallax: Re-visions of Cultury	













BigDog

Current top AI systems

AlphaGo





2016年3月, AlphaGo 战胜韩国职业选手李世乭(九段)

2017年1月初,快棋版本 Master 取得60:0战绩

Current top AI systems

DeepStack & Libratus





2017年1月左右,在一对一 无限注德州扑克上大幅赢 过职业选手

Current top AI systems

Atlas





What we will learn

Search 搜索与规划

Knowledge 知识表达与处理

Uncertainty 不确定建模

Learning 机器学习

What we will do



Search 搜索与规划

Knowledge 知识表达与处理

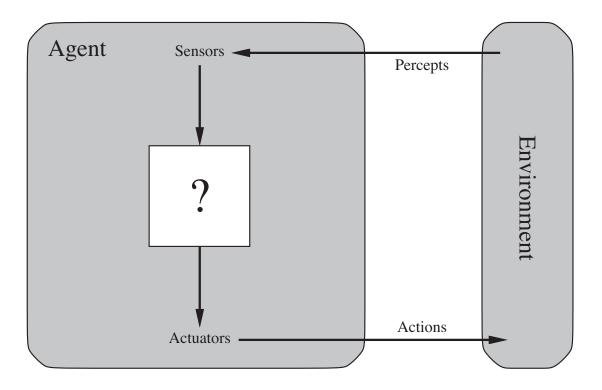
Uncertainty 不确定建模



General Game Player

Learning 机器学习

Agent





Agents include humans, robots, softbots, thermostats, etc.

The agent function maps from percept histories to actions:

$$f: \mathcal{P}^* \to \mathcal{A}$$

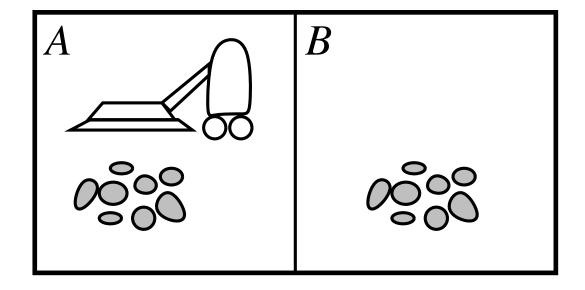
The agent program runs on the physical architecture to produce f

Example: Vacuum-cleaner world

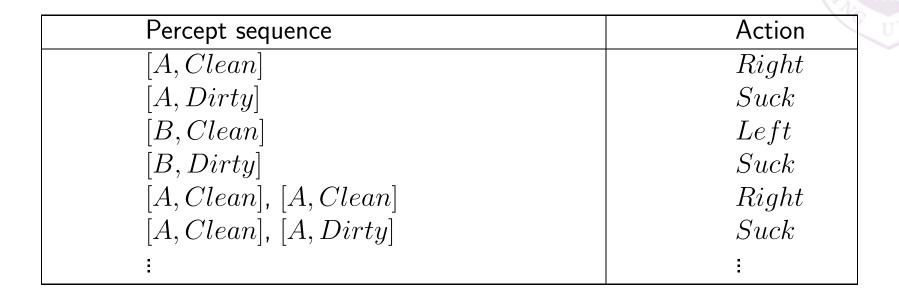
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Percepts: location and contents, e.g., [A, Dirty]

Actions: Left, Right, Suck, NoOp



A vacuum-cleaner agent



```
function Reflex-Vacuum-Agent([location, status]) returns an action if status = Dirty then return Suck else if location = A then return Right else if location = B then return Left
```

What is the **right** function?
Can it be implemented in a small agent program?

P. E. A. S.



To design an agent, we need to specify four-dimensions:

Performance measure?

Environment?

Actuators?

Sensors?

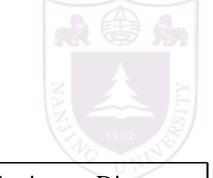
Examples of PEAS

Agent Type	Performance Measure	Environment	Actuators	Sensors	
Taxi driver	Safe, fast, legal, comfortable trip, maximize profits	Roads, other traffic, pedestrians, customers	Steering, accelerator, brake, signal, horn, display	Cameras, sonar, speedometer, GPS, odometer, accelerometer, engine sensors, keyboard	
Medical diagnosis system	Healthy patient, reduced costs	Patient, hospital, staff	Display of questions, tests, diagnoses, treatments, referrals	Keyboard entry of symptoms, findings, patient's answers	
Satellite image analysis system	Correct image categorization	Downlink from orbiting satellite	Display of scene categorization	Color pixel arrays	
Part-picking robot	Percentage of parts in correct bins	Conveyor belt with parts; bins	Jointed arm and hand	Camera, joint angle sensors	
Refinery controller	Purity, yield, safety	Refinery, operators	Valves, pumps, heaters, displays	Temperature, pressure, chemical sensors	
Interactive English tutor	Student's score on test	Set of students, testing agency	Display of exercises, suggestions, corrections		



Environment types

In six-dimensions:



Task Environment	Observable	Agents	Deterministic	Episodic	Static	Discrete
Crossword puzzle Chess with a clock	Fully Fully	Single Multi	Deterministic Deterministic	1	Static Semi	Discrete Discrete
Poker Backgammon	Partially Fully	Multi Multi	Stochastic Stochastic	Sequential Sequential	Static Static	Discrete Discrete
Taxi driving Medical diagnosis	Partially Partially	Multi Single	Stochastic Stochastic		•	Continuous Continuous
Image analysis Part-picking robot	Fully Partially	Single Single	Deterministic Stochastic	Episodic Episodic	Semi Dynamic	Continuous Continuous
Refinery controller Interactive English tutor	Partially Partially	Single Multi	Stochastic Stochastic	Sequential Sequential	•	Continuous Discrete

Agent types

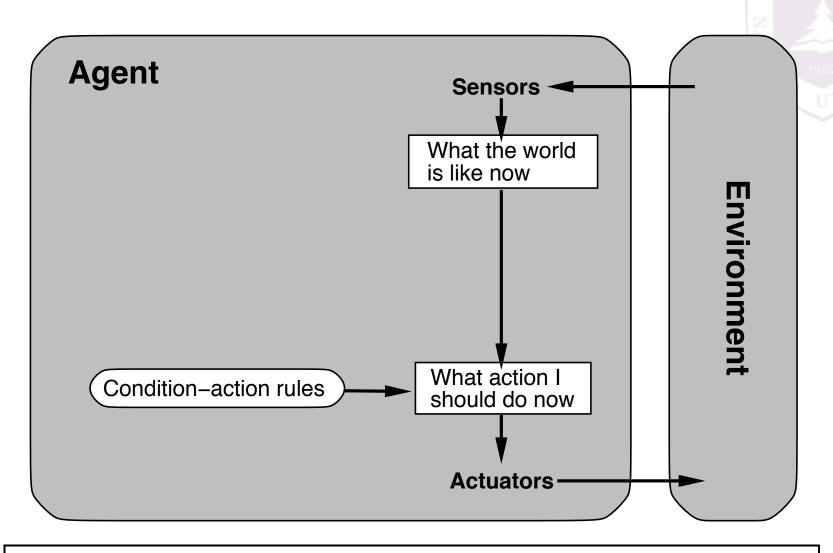


Four basic types in order of increasing generality:

- simple reflex agents
- reflex agents with state
- goal-based agents
- utility-based agents

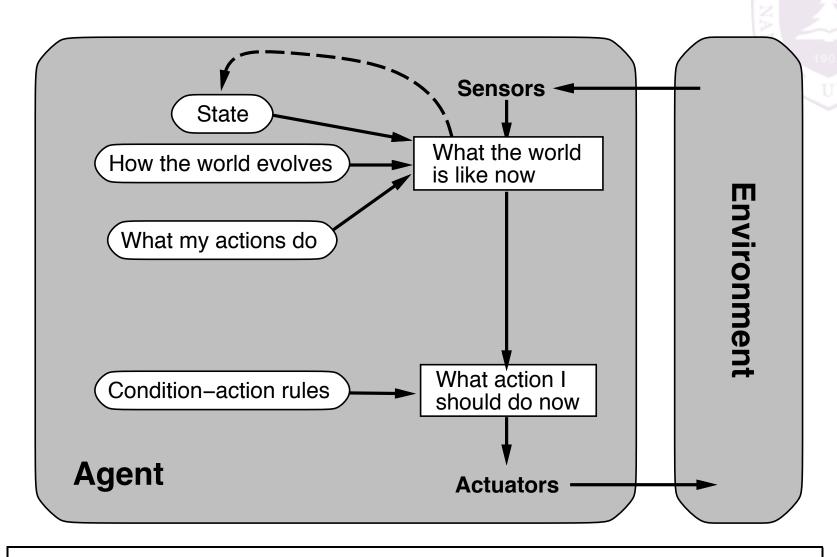
All these can be turned into learning agents

Simple reflex agents



function Reflex-Vacuum-Agent([location, status]) returns an action if status = Dirty then return Suck else if location = A then return Right else if location = B then return Left

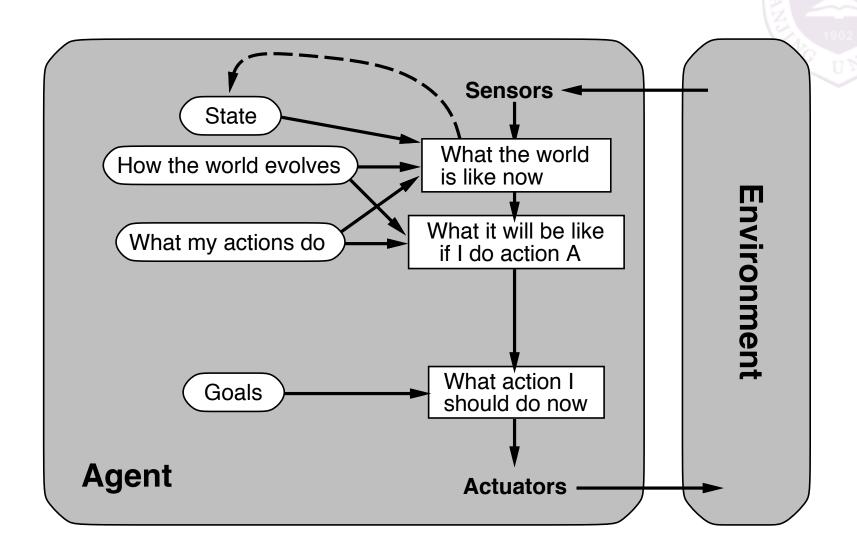
Reflex agents with state



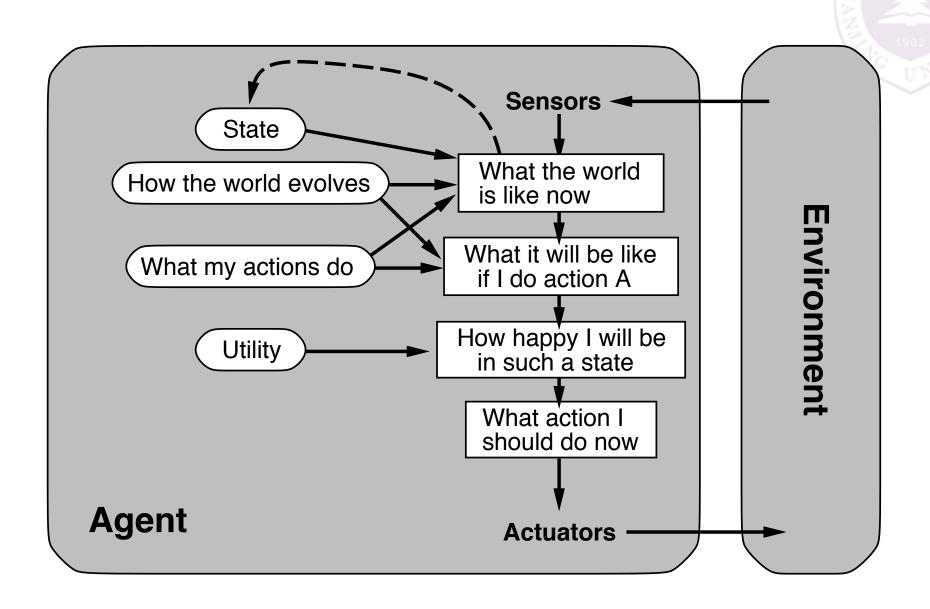
function Reflex-Vacuum-Agent([location, status]) returns an action static: $last_A$, $last_B$, numbers, initially ∞

if status = Dirty then . . .

Goal-based agents



Utility-based agents



Learning agents

